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Audit Date 9/30/05			ľ	Opinion I 10/18			Date Account 12/1/05	ntant Report Subm	itted to State:			
accordan <i>Financial</i>	ce with the Statement	ne S	Statemei	nts of	the Govern	s local unit of somental Accounts of Governmental	unting Star	dards Board	(GASB) and t	he <i>Unifo</i>	rm Repo	ents prepared orting Format f
We affirm		الماد: ا		D!!- 4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
						udits of Local U		ernment in Mi	chigan as revis	ed.		
						d to practice in						
	er affirm th s and reco				esponses l	nave been disc	closed in the	e financial state	ements, includi	ng the no	otes, or i	the report of
∕ou must	check the	арр	olicable t	ox for	each item	below.						
Yes	✓ No	1.	Certair	comp	onent units	/funds/agencie	es of the loc	al unit are exc	luded from the	financial	stateme	ents.
Yes	✓ No	2.	There 275 of		cumulated	deficits in one	or more o	f this unit's un	reserved fund	balance	s/retaine	d earnings (P. <i>A</i>
Yes	✓ No	3.	There amend		stances of	non-compliand	ce with the	Uniform Acco	ounting and Bi	udgeting	Act (P.A	a. 2 of 1968, a
Yes	✓ No	4.				ated the condi r issued under				the Mun	icipal Fir	nance Act or it
Yes	✓ No	5.				oosits/investme 1], or P.A. 55 o				requirer	nents. (f	P.A. 20 of 1943
Yes	☑ No	6.	The loc	cal unit	has been o	delinquent in di	istributing ta	ax revenues th	at were collect	ed for an	other tax	king unit.
Yes	☑ No	7.	pensio	n bene	fits (norma	ted the Consti I costs) in the e normal cost re	current yea	ar. If the plan	is more than 1	00% fun	ded and	ent year earne the overfundin r).
Yes	✓ No	8.	The loc	cal uni 29.241	t uses cred 1).	dit cards and	has not ad	opted an appl	icable policy a	as requir	ed by P.	A. 266 of 1999
Yes	✓ No	9.	The loc	al unit	has not ad	opted an inves	stment polic	y as required b	y P.A. 196 of	1997 (MC	CL 129.9	5).
We have	enclosed	the	followi	ng:					Enclosed		Be arded	Not Required
The letter	of comm	ents	and rec	ommei	ndations.				V			
Reports o	n individu	al fe	ederal fin	ancial	assistance	programs (pro	ogram audit	s).				V
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Accountant	7 7. //		ita.	CH	A low	Buckele	10	ma Pl		Date 12/1/0	5	

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary information)

Year ended September 30, 2005

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the West Michigan Regional Planning Commission, we present to the readers of the Commission's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the West Michigan Regional Planning Commission for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005. We encourage you to consider the information presented in these financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Commission's net assets increased by \$7,951 (8.7%) from \$90,950 to \$98,901.

The Commission's expenses decreased \$51,848 (20.2%) from the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Commission's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Commission's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Commission has one category of funds—governmental funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The West Michigan Regional Planning Commission maintains one individual governmental fund, the General Operations Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Commission's budgetary information as it relates to the actual revenues and expenditures for the General Operations Fund.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The first table presented below is a summary of the government-wide statement of net assets for the Commission. As stated earlier, the net assets may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of September 30, 2005, the Commission's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$98,901.

In examining the composition of these net assets, the reader should note that a portion of governmental activities net assets are invested in capital assets (i.e., leasehold improvement and office furniture and equipment). These assets are used to provide services to the Commission's members, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. The unrestricted net assets for governmental activities actually depict a balance of \$93,891. This represents the amount of discretionary resources that can be used for general governmental operations.

Governmental Activities. The most significant change occurring between fiscal year 2004 and 2005 on the Statement of Net Assets was the payment of accounts payable which reduced current liabilities and current assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
		2005		2004
Assets				
Current assets and other assets	\$	118,886	\$	145,978
Capital assets		5,010		7,041
Total assets	_	123,896		153,019
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities	_	24,995		62,069
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets		5,010		7,041
Unrestricted		93,891		83,909
Total net assets	\$	98,901	\$	90,950

Governmental activities net assets increased by \$7,951 (8.7%) during the 2005 fiscal year. The following table depicts this occurrence which will be discussed in more detail later in this analysis.

Change in Net Assets

		Governmental Activities		
		2005		2004
Revenues:				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$	7,142	\$	12,372
Operating grants and contributions		165,500		198,710
General revenues				
Membership dues		36,978		32,484
Unrestricted investment earnings		1,188		332
Miscellaneous		822		11,457
Total revenues	_	211,630	_	255,355
Expenses:				
Transportation planning		60,353		101,258
Economic development		56,151		45,567
Hazard mitigation		9,599		15,779
Land use planning		18,835		19,335
General administration		58,741		73,588
Total expenses		203,679		255,527
Change in net assets	_	7,951		(172)
Net assets – October 1		90,950		91,122
Net assets – September 30	\$	98,901	\$	90,950

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Activities. Revenues and expenses both declined in fiscal year 2005 primarily due to the completion of the M-104 Study grant in the prior year. Specifically, the completion of this grant caused a decrease in operating grants and contributions and transportation planning expenses. General administration expenses also decreased because a higher percentage of employee salaries, wages and fringe benefits were spent on program expenses.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Commission's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2005 fiscal year, the West Michigan Regional Commission governmental funds reported an unreserved fund balance of \$98,394.

General Fund Budget

During the current fiscal year, the Commission made several amendments to its original budget. The most significant of those is listed below:

- ➤ The federal revenue budget was reduced from \$123,500 to \$103,500 because the Michigan Economic Development Corporation did not provide matching funds for the projects that the Commission applied for.
- The local revenue budget was increased from zero to \$4,000 because the Commission's Director became the secretary of the Michigan Association of Regions and the Commission is reimbursed for the time that the Director spends performing the duties of this position.
- The charges for services budget was reduced from \$7,000 to \$5,000 because the Commission did not prepare any land use plans this year.
- ➤ The contractual services budget was reduced from \$47,100 to \$39,300 because the Commission did not spend the entire Michigan Department of Transportation Asset Management grant.
- The indirect costs budget was reduced from \$91,800 to \$83,900 to reflect lower anticipated administrative expenditures associated with the program budget reductions listed above.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following comments summarize the major variations from the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures. Federal revenues were less than budgeted because fewer Economic Development Administration funds were requested due to the Michigan Economic Development Corporation not providing matching funds. State revenues were less than budgeted because the Commission did not spend the entire MDOT Asset Management grant. Charges for services revenue was less than budgeted because fewer recreation plans were done than anticipated due to adequate work load. Contractual services were under budget because of less grant activity (Asset Management) than expected. Indirect costs were under budget primarily because a higher percentage of salaries, wages and fringe benefits were allocated as direct costs than anticipated.

Capital Assets

The West Michigan Regional Planning Commission's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2005 totaled \$5,010 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes leasehold improvements and office furniture and equipment.

There were no capital asset additions or disposals in 2005. Depreciation expense for the year was \$2,031.

Capital Assets

		Governmental Activities			
	_	2005	_	2004	
Leasehold improvements	\$	2,450	\$	2,450	
Office furniture and equipment	_	19,644		19,644	
Total capital assets		22,094		22,094	
Less accumulated depreciation		17,084		15,053	
Total (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$	5,010	\$	7,041	

Additional information on the Commission's capital assets can be found in Note D of the "Notes to the Financial Statements" of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the Commission had total debt outstanding of \$4,503 consisting entirely of compensated absences.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

General Economic Overview

The West Michigan Regional Planning Commission has set fiscal accountability and financial stability as its number one priority. This is also its greatest challenge.

The Commission's funding is primarily comprised of two major revenue sources, Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) and Economic Development Administration (EDA) grants. Those two sources comprised over 62% of the fund's revenue sources. There are potential changes in grant funding at the EDA in the future, but we anticipate no decrease in EDA funding next year. MDOT grant revenues are also expected to remain steady.

The Hazard Mitigation grant is expected to be completed next year.

There is doubt that the next phase of the Coastal Management grant will occur next year due to funding challenges with the program.

The Commission expects expenditures in 2006 for salaries, wages and fringe benefits to increase slightly. All other expenditure items are expected to remain steady.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the West Michigan Regional Planning Commission's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the West Michigan Regional Planning Commission, 820 Monroe NW, Suite 214 Grand Rapids, MI 49503 (616) 774-8400.

BRICKLEY DELONG CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 18, 2005

Board of Directors West Michigan Regional Planning Commission Grand Rapids, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the West Michigan Regional Planning Commission as of and for the year ended September 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of West Michigan Regional Planning Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the West Michigan Regional Planning Commission, as of September 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i through vi and 16 are not a required part of the basic financial statement but are supplemental information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the West Michigan Regional Planning Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

1

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2005

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	72,504
Due from other governmental units	_	46,382
Total current assets		118,886
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Capital assets, net		
Depreciable	_	5,010
Total assets		123,896
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		6,183
Deferred revenue		14,309
Compensated absences, due within one year	_	4,503
Total current liabilities	_	24,995
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets		5,010
Unrestricted	_	93,891
Total net assets	\$_	98,901

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2005

Functions/Programs		Expenses	Progra harges for services	_	enue erating grants contributions	: -	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities
Governmental activities			 				
Transportation planning	\$	60,353	\$ -	\$	80,309	\$	19,956
Economic development		56,151	5,000		56,244		5,093
Hazard mitigation		9,599	-		13,497		3,898
Land use planning		18,835	2,142		15,450		(1,243)
General administration		58,741	 -	_			(58,741)
Total governmental activities	\$_	203,679	\$ 7,142	\$=	165,500		(31,037)
General revenues							
Membership dues							36,978
Unrestricted investment earnings							1,188
Miscellaneous							822
Total general revenues							38,988
Change in net assets							7,951
Net assets at October 1, 2004							90,950
Net assets at September 30, 2005						\$	98,901

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission

BALANCE SHEET

Governmental Fund September 30, 2005

ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	72,504
Due from other governmental units	_	46,382
Total assets	\$_	118,886
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	2,851
Accrued liabilities		3,332
Deferred revenue	_	14,309
Total liabilities		20,492
Fund balance		
Unreserved	_	98,394
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	118,886

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2005

Total fund balance—governmental funds			\$	98,394
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Cost of capital assets	\$	22,094		
Accumulated depreciation	_	(17,084)		5,010
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable				
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund.			_	(4,503)
Net assets of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets			\$_	98,901

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Governmental Fund

For the year ended September 30, 2005

REVENUES	
Intergovernmental revenues	
Federal	\$ 86,692
State	78,809
Local	5,000
Membership dues	36,978
Charges for services	2,142
Investment earnings	1,188
Other	822
Total revenues	211,631
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
Salaries and wages	94,427
Fringe benefits	20,446
Travel and conferences	10,744
Contractual services	10,480
Office costs	7,280
Professional development	866
Other	754
Indirect costs	56,646
Total expenditures	201,643
Net change in fund balance	9,988
Fund balance at October 1, 2004	88,406
Fund balance at September 30, 2005	\$ 98,394

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2005

Net change in fund balance—governmental fund:	\$	9,988
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense		(2,031)
Increases in the compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the Statement of Activities and reported as expenditures when financial resources are used in the governmental funds.	_	(6)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	7,951

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2005

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of West Michigan Regional Planning Commission (Commission) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Commission's accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission is a voluntary association of six counties and four cities within western Michigan, encompassing 170 local governmental units and a population of 765,000. The Commission was organized to implement and coordinate various area-wide planning functions, to serve as a regional conduit for federal and state grants affecting local governments, to provide professional and technical expertise not readily available to local governments and to operate certain specialty programs affecting multiple governments spread out over a large geographical area. The operations of the Commission are financed primarily by federal, state and local grants and membership contributions. The Commission does not have the power to levy taxes and, accordingly, its level of operations is dependent upon the amount of voluntary membership contributions received that can be used for local matching shares of grant participation programs.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the Commission has certain oversight responsibilities over other organizations, those organizations should be included in the Commission's financial statements. Since no organizations met this criteria, none are included in the financial statements.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Commission. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Commission has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The Commission has only one fund, the General Operations Fund, which is a governmental fund.

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—CONTINUED

September 30, 2005

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Reimbursements due for expenditure-driven grants are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Commission reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Operations Fund is used to control the expenditures of various federal, state and local monies distributed to the Commission, to be expended according to various grant and professional service agreements.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

The Commission's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Commission reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Under this standard, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standard also provides that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Commission intends to hold the investment until maturity.

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—CONTINUED

September 30, 2005

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

a. Deposits and Investments—Continued

The Commission has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the Commission to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

b. Receivables and Payables

All trade receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include leasehold improvements and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Leasehold improvements and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Leasehold improvements	3
Office furniture and equipment	5-7

d. Compensated Absences

Commission employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Upon termination, employees are paid for unused vacation at their current rates. Sick leave pay does not vest with the employee and is payable only in the event of absences due to illness. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—CONTINUED

September 30, 2005

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

e. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

f. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

g. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the Commission's financial position and operations. However, comparative data has not been presented in each of the statements since its inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the governmental fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Commission follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary information provided in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to September 30, the Board of Directors reviews a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution before October 1.
- c. Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for additional expenditures, are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the Board of Directors.

The appropriated budget is prepared by expenditure line item. Budgets are also adopted on a project by project basis as a management tool. The legal level of budgetary control is the expenditure line level. The Board of Directors made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—CONTINUED

September 30, 2005

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Interest rate risk. The Commission does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The Commission has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk. The Commission does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Commission investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned to it. As of September 30, 2005, none of the Commission's bank balance of \$80,065 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk - investments. The Commission does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Commission will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Foreign currency risk. The Commission is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance October 1, 		Additions	<u>Deduction</u>	Sep	Balance otember 30, 2005
Capital assets, being depreciated: Leasehold improvements	\$	2,450	¢	- \$	- \$	2,450
Office furniture and equipment	Ψ	19,644	Ψ	-	-	19,644
Total capital assets, being depreciated		22,094		-	_	22,094
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Leasehold improvements		68	817	7	-	885
Office furniture and equipment		14,985	1,214	<u> </u>		16,199
Total accumulated depreciation	_	15,053	2,03	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	17,084
Capital assets, net	\$	7,041	\$(2,03]	1) \$	\$_	5,010
Depreciation Depreciation expense was charged to functions	as follo	ows:				
General administration					\$_	2,031

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—CONTINUED

September 30, 2005

NOTE E-LONG-TERM DEBT

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities activity for the Commission for the year ended September 30, 2005.

	Balance			Balance	
	October 1,			September 30,	Due within
	_2004	Additions	Deductions	2005	one year
Governmental activities:					•
Compensated absences	\$ <u>4,497</u>	\$ <u>5,594</u>	\$ <u>5,588</u>	\$ <u>4,503</u>	\$ <u>4,503</u>

NOTE F—OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Commission carries commercial insurance for general liability, workers' compensation, employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE G—PENSION PLAN

Defined Contribution Plan

The Commission provides pension benefits for its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Plan is administered through Lincoln Life, an independent third party. The commission is required to contribute an amount equal to 4 percent of the qualified employees' annual compensation each plan year. Participants are not required to contribute to the plan. For the year ended September 30, 2005, pension expense was approximately \$4,500.

NOTE H—LEASES

The Commission conducts its operations in an office under an operating lease that expires in October 2006. Rent expense under this lease amounted to \$11,881 for the year ended September 30, 2005. The future minimum lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year ending	
September 30,	Amount
2006	\$10,194
2007	852
	\$ <u>11,046</u>

NOTE I—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

Michigan Department of Transportation grants and Economic Development Administration grants account for 38 percent and 24 percent of general operations revenue, respectively.

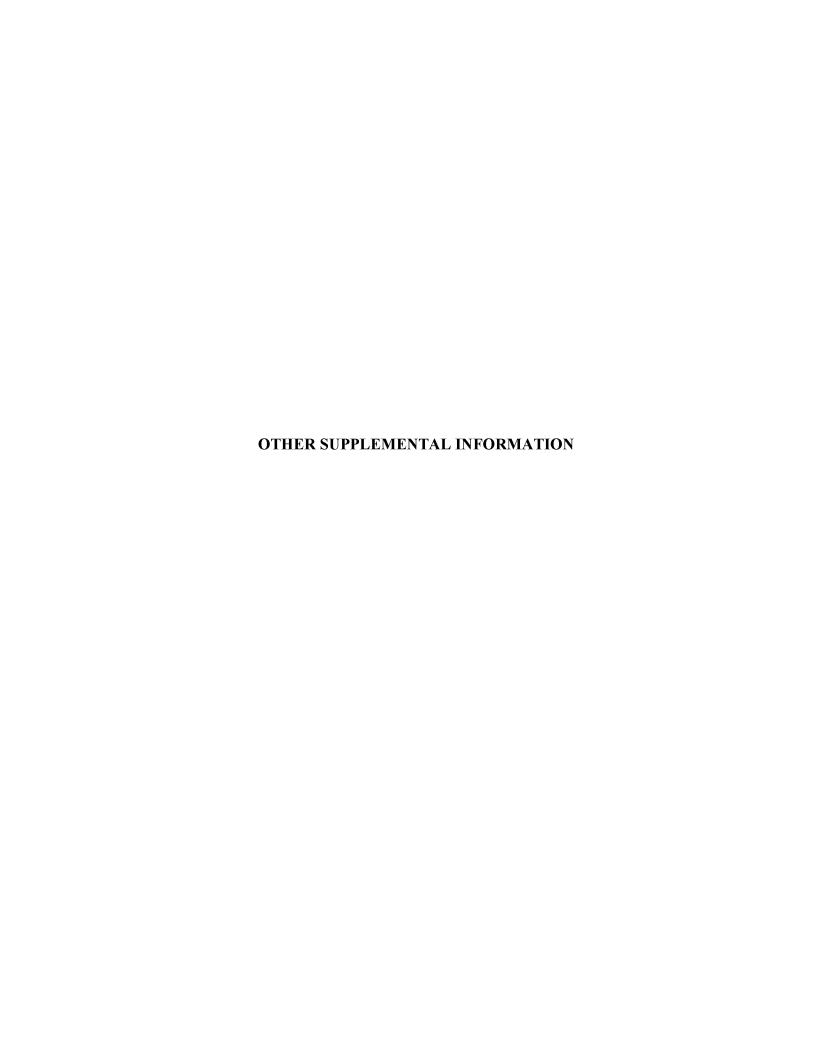


West Michigan Regional Planning Commission

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Operations Fund For the year ended September 30, 2005

				Variance with final budget-	
		eted Amounts		positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(negative)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental revenues					
Federal	\$ 123,500	\$ 103,500	\$ 86,692	\$ (16,808)	
State	119,467	119,467	78,809	(40,658)	
Local	-	4,000	5,000	1,000	
Membership dues	36,838	36,838	36,978	140	
Charges for services	7,000	5,000	2,142	(2,858)	
Investment earnings	750	750	1,188	438	
Other	500	500	822	322	
Total revenues	288,055	270,055	211,631	(58,424)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Salaries and wages	100,000	100,000	94,427	5,573	
Fringe benefits	25,000	23,300	20,446	2,854	
Travel and conferences	10,600	10,600	10,744	(144)	
Contractual services	47,100	39,300	10,480	28,820	
Office costs	9,000	9,250	7,280	1,970	
Professional development	1,600	1,600	866	734	
Other	2,955	2,105	754	1,351	
Indirect costs	91,800	83,900	56,646	27,254	
Total expenditures	288,055	270,055	201,643	68,412	
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$	9,988	\$ 9,988	
Fund balance at October 1, 2004			88,406		
Fund balance at September 30, 2005			\$ 98,394		



West Michigan Regional Planning Commission STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

Michigan Department of Transportation Grants

For the year ended September 30, 2005

(with comparative actual amounts for the year ended September 30, 2004)

	2005	2004
REVENUES		
Intergovernmental revenues		
Federal	\$ 1,500	\$ 34,096
State	78,809	65,967
Local	832	19,319
Total revenues	81,141	119,382
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
Salaries and wages	34,653	20,435
Fringe benefits	7,504	4,877
Travel and conferences	4,558	3,348
Contractual services	10,480	70,552
Office costs	2,264	178
Professional development	620	801
Other	274	-
Indirect costs	20,788	19,191
Total expenditures	81,141	119,382
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	\$

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

Economic Development Grants

For the year ended September 30, 2005

(with comparative actual amounts for the year ended September 30, 2004)

				2	2005					2004
	_			Planning Ass	istan	ce Programs				
	_	06-86-		06-83-		06-83-			•	
		05003		04769		04994		Total		
REVENUES	_								•	
Intergovernmental revenues										
Federal	\$	1,092	\$	17,834	\$	37,319	\$	56,245	\$	42,641
Local	_	1,092	_	5,947		12,440	_	19,479		32,720
Total revenues		2,184		23,781		49,759		75,724		75,361
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Salaries and wages		1,161		12,182		24,217		37,560		32,591
Fringe benefits		251		2,638		5,244		8,133		7,779
Travel and conferences		-		800		3,937		4,737		3,214
Contractual services		-		-		-		-		723
Office costs		75		580		1,529		2,184		447
Professional development		-		-		97		97		-
Other		-		273		208		481		-
Indirect costs	_	697	_	7,308	_	14,527	_	22,532	_	30,607
Total expenditures	_	2,184	_	23,781	_	49,759	_	75,724	_	75,361
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	-

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission COMPUTATION OF FRINGE BENEFIT RATE

For the year ended September 30, 2005

ACTUAL COST OF FRINGE BENEFITS

Social Security and Medicare	\$	8,619
Health insurance		3,708
Life insurance		552
Disability insurance		1,018
Retirement		4,881
Tuition reimbursement		3,312
Michigan unemployment compensation		1,777
Worker's compensation		668
Total cost of fringe benefits	\$_	24,535
COMPUTATION OF ACTUAL FRINGE BENEFIT RATE		
Total cost of fringe benefits	\$	24,535
Gross salaries	\$	113,307
Actual fringe benefit rate	_	21.65%

West Michigan Regional Planning Commission COMPUTATION OF INDIRECT COST RATE

For the year ended September 30, 2005

DISTRIBUTABLE INDIRECT COSTS

Salaries and wages Fringe benefits Travel and conferences Contractual services Office costs Professional development Other	\$	18,880 4,088 419 2,868 22,560 2,345 5,486
Total indirect costs	\$	56,646
COMPUTATION OF DIRECT SALARY AND FRINGE BENEFIT BASE		
Direct labor dollars Gross salaries Less indirect salaries Total direct labor dollars	\$	113,307 (18,880) 94,427
		94,427
Direct fringe benefits Fringe benefits Less indirect fringe benefits	_	24,535 (4,089)
Total direct fringe benefit dollars	_	20,446
Total direct salaries and fringe benefits	\$	114,873
COMPUTATION OF INDIRECT COST RATE		
Indirect cost	\$	56,646
Direct salaries and fringe benefits	\$	114,873
Indirect cost rate	_	49.31%

BRICKLEY DELONG

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

October 18, 2005

Board of Directors West Michigan Regional Planning Commission Grand Rapids, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the West Michigan Regional Planning Commission for the year ended September 30, 2005, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. However, we noted certain matters involving internal control and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the West Michigan Regional Planning Commission's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. We have attached a summary of such reportable conditions.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we do not believe the reportable conditions described above are material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Directors, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Gruhley Ve Long, PLC

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

Recommendation 1: All journal entries should have supporting documentation attached to them and should have documented approval by an appropriate member of management.

During our audit, we noted that supporting documentation and documented proper approval of journal entries was not attached to journal entries.

The maintenance of files with supporting documentation and documented approval of journal entries would reduce the possibility of an inaccurate journal entry being made.

Recommendation 2: <u>Timesheets for all employees and tax payments should be properly approved by the appropriate officials.</u>

During our audit, we noted that timesheets and tax payments are not being properly reviewed and the documented approval is not being recorded on the timesheets and tax payments.

The documented approval of all timesheets and tax payments would ensure appropriate supporting documentation for hours paid and taxes paid.